Commutative Ring Theory Days 2010

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ZERO DIVISOR CONDITIONS IN COMMUTATIVE GROUP RINGS

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Let R be a commutative ring, and let G be an abelian group. The most restrictive zero divisor condition one can impose on a ring R is to require that R be a domain. Viewed from the homological perspective, this requirement becomes a statement concerning principal ideals of R. In fact, this can be extended to the setting RGwhere G is torsion-free. More generally, we can speak of the following less restrictive zero divisor conditions in R:

1. R is a PF ring, i.e. every principal ideal of R is flat.

2. R is a PP ring, i.e. every principal ideal of R is projective.

3. The total ring of quotients of R, denoted Q(R), is von Neumann regular.

4. The set of minimal primes of R, denoted Min R, is compact in the Zariski topology.

In this talk, we'll discuss the relationships between these conditions in R and in RG where G is torsion-free. Using these characterizations, we'll construct examples of group rings RG which exhibit some of the above properties.

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